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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/786,746	04/18/2001	Akihiko Sano	0020-4828P	5150
2292	7590 06/04/2	002		
2	EWART KOLASC	EXAMINER		
PO BOX 74 FALLS CH	7 JRCH, VA 22040-0	747	BENNETT, RACHEL M	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1615	
			DAME MAILED 0//04/0000	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

,	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/786,746	SANO ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Rachel M. Bennett	1615				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>11 J</u>	une 2001					
<u></u>	s action is non-final.					
, _		resocution as to the morits is				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are pending in the application						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) 🗹 The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in Applicati	on No				
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.						
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) ☑ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 6	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

The examiner acknowledges receipt of Preliminary Amendment A filed 4/18/01 and IDS filed 6/11/01.

Specification

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: Polysorbate 20 and polysorbate 80 are misspelled on page 14, line 29 of the specification. Applicant is requested to correct all spelling errors (possibly due to translation) in the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-6, 8-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Fujioka et al. (US 5851547) in further view of Fujioka et al. (US 4985253).

Fujioka discloses a drug formulation for producing sustained therapeutic efficacy, which releases at least one water-soluble drug over a prolonged period of time at a substantially constant rate wherein the drug formulation comprises (a) a non-disintegrating inner layer comprised of a biocompatible material that contains at least one uniformly dispersed water soluble drug, and (b) an outer layer comprised of a biocompatible material that surrounds the circumference of the said inner layer, is impermeable to water, and is capable of controlling the swelling of the inner layer; wherein the ratio of the axial length of the drug formulation to the cross-sectional diameter of the inner layer is one or more and wherein one or both ends of the

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inner layer are open so as to come into direct contact with the external environment (see abstract, claims and figures). The release rate of water-soluble drug is controlled through control of water infiltration. The outer layer material is not critical as long as it is biocompatible, is impermeable to water, and can control the swelling of the inner layer. Hydrophobic polymers are typically used for this purpose. The non-biodegradable polymers may be exemplified by, but not limited to silicones, polyethylenes or polypropylenes. The inner layer material may be either biodegradable or non-biodegradable (see cols. 5 and 6). Any water soluble drug by be used that is not soluble nor diffusible to the outer layer. Drugs include peptides, proteins, glycoproteins, polysaccharides, nucleic acids, antibiotics, adrimycin, mitomycins, and daunorubicin (see cols. 6 and 7). The inner layer may contain a swelling agent such as sodium chloride, amino acids and glycine. The drug formulation may have a rod-shaped (see col. 7 lines 46-52). The reference does not explicitly state polyethylene glycol as the water-soluble substance.

Fujioka discloses a sustained release composition which comprises a silicone elastomer, a pharmaceutical substance and optionally albumin. The pharmaceutical substance may be peptides, proteins, sugars proteins or polysaccharides (see abstract and col. 2). The release rate of the pharmaceutical substance from the silicone elastomer can be controlled by incorporating a mixing agent such as polyethylene glycol (see col. 3).

Absent unexpected results, it is the position of the examiner, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the composition of Fujioka ('547) by using polyethylene glycol in the inner layer because Fujioka ('253) teaches polyethylene glycol may be added to the silicone elastomer in order to control the release rate of the pharmaceutical substance. Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would

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expect to achieve the desired constant release rate of the pharmaceutical using polyethylene glycol in the inner layer.

4. Claims 1-3, 5-7, 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takada Kanji (JP 7330581).

Kanji discloses an implantable sustained release immunosuppressive drug comprising 1 to 200 parts by weight of a nonionic surfactant and 0.1 to 100 parts by weight of a fat-soluble immunosuppressive agent combined with 100 parts by weight of a bioabsorbable aliphatic polyester. When implanted in such a manner that it is brought into intimate contact with a lymph duct, the sustained release preparation can effectively transfer the immunosuppressive agent in the preparation into the lymph duct according to a desired sustained release profile (see abstract). The matrix comprises an active agent, a bioabsorbable aliphatic polyester as a base along with a nonionic surfactant, to facilitate the absorption. The implantable sustained release preparation is molded into a shape adapted to a specific organ, the molded article allows effective transfer of the agent into the lymphatic system and also allows control of the duration of sustained release. The non-ionic surfactants include glycerin fatty acid esters, polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid esters, polyethylene glycol fatty acid esters, and polyoxyethylene. Examples of immunosuppressive agents include cyclosporin, azathioprine and prednisolone. Although the shape of the implant is not specifically restricted, the implants in the form of a plate, halfcylinder, or film are preferred. Kanji does not specifically disclose the sustained release preparation to be in the form of a rod preparation.

Absent unexpected results, it is the position of the examiner, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the

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composition of Kanji by molding the shape of the implant to be a rod preparation because Kanji

teaches the preparation may be any shaped that allows the drug to be implanted in direct contact

with the desired site.

Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Rachel M. Bennett whose telephone number is (703) 308-8779.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 8:00 A.M. to 4:30 P.M..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Thurman K. Page can be reached on (703) 308-2927. The fax phone numbers for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-3592 for regular

communications and (703) 309-7924 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1234.

R. Bennett

May 30, 2002

THURMAN K. PAGE SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600